HAS University of Applied science

Mathematics - deficiency for HBM and IFA

Trial exam exercises 2022

- For a pass, you need 6 or more (out of 10) correct answers.
- The decimal notation is with a dot (.). Consequently, the comma (,) is used as the separator notation for thousands.
- The correct answers are on the final page.

Question 1

Which of the following expressions is equivalent to: $5^{(4-x)} - 2^{(3-2x)}$?

- a. 14-9x
- b. 14-3x
- c. 14-x
- d. 14+x

Question 2

The distance from A to B is 60 km. Maria drives from A to B with a velocity of 18 km/h. Jaime drives from B to A with a velocity of 15 km/h. After how many minutes (rounded) will they meet each other?

- a. 20 minutes
- b. 100 minutes
- c. 105 minutes
- d. 109 minutes

Which of the four equations is equivalent to: 3*(p-2q) + 5 = 8 - 5*(q-2p)?

a. q = -3 - 7p
b. q = -3 + 13p
c. q = 3 - 7p
d. p = 3 - 3q

Question 4

Which of the following expressions is equivalent to: $2^{x+2} - (2^{x+1} - 2^x)$?

- a. 2×
- b. 2^{x+1}
- c. 3*2[×]
- d. (3*2)[×]

Question 5

Suppose you have two kinds of coins: coins worth 30 eurocents each, and coins worth 75 eurocents each. How many combinations of coins are possible if the total amount is 1,500 euro?

- a. 1,000
- b. 1,001
- c. 2,000
- d. 5,000

Which of the four expressions is equivalent to: $\log (x^3) - 2 + \log (50/(x^2))$?

- a. 0.5 + log x
- b. log (0.5*x)
- c. log (48*x)
- d. $log(48*x^5)$

Question 7

The value of a machine decreases at a rate of 10% per year. Three years after acquisition the value is 459,000 euro. What was the value (rounded) of the machine when it was bought?

- a. 596,700 euro
- b. 610,929 euro
- c. 628,767 euro
- d. 629,630 euro

Question 8

Solve for A: $10^{1-A} \ge 100 * \sqrt{10}$

a. $A \le -3\frac{1}{2}$ b. $A \ge -3\frac{1}{2}$ c. $A \le -1\frac{1}{2}$ d. $A \ge -1\frac{1}{2}$

The value of a share at the stock market increases at 20% in the first year. The total increase over the first and second year together, is 14%. How much was the value change in the second year?

- a. -5%
- b. -6%
- c. -8.8%
- d. +34%

Question 10

Which of the four equations is equivalent to: 6*x*y + 3x = y?

a. x = (2y+1)/(3y)
b. 1/(3x) - 1/y = 2
c. y = (3x)/(6x-1)
d. 3y = x/(1-6x)

Please find the answers on the next page.

The correct answers are:

1	с	14-x
2	d	109 minutes
3	۵	q = -3-7p
4	с	3*2×
5	b	1,001
6	b	log (0.5*x)
7	d	629,630 euro
8	с	$A \leq -1\frac{1}{2}$
9	۵	-5%
10	Ь	1/(3x) - 1/y = 2

Explanations

Question 1

 $5^{*}(4-x) - 2^{*}(3-2x) = 20 - 5x - 6 + 4x = 14 - x$.

Question 2

Let x be the number of hours needed until they meet. In x hours, they travel 18x + 15x km. They meet when 18x + 15x = 60. So 33x = 60, and x = 60/33 hours, which is (60*60)/33 minutes, which equals (rounded) 109 minutes.

Question 3

 $3^{*}(p-2q) + 5 = 8 - 5^{*}(q-2p) \iff 3p - 6q + 5 = 8 - 5q + 10 p \iff -7p - q = 3 \iff q = -3 - 7p.$

Question 4

$$2^{x+2} - (2^{x+1} - 2^x) = 2^{x*}2^2 - 2^{x*}2^1 + 2^{x*}1 = 2^x * (4-2+1) = 3^*2^x.$$

The number of coins worth 75 eurocents cannot be odd, but must be even. Its minimal value is 0, its maximal value is 2,000. Counting from 0 to 2,000 in steps of 2 results in 1,001 possibilities.

Question 6

 $\log (x^3) - 2 + \log (50/(x^2) = \log (x^3) + \log (50/(x^2) + \log (1/100)) = \log ((x^{3*} (50/x^2) * (1/100)) = \log ((50x^3)/(100x^2)) = \log (x/2) = \log (0.5^*x).$

Question 7

459,000: (0,9³)

Question 8

 $10^{1-A} \ge 100 * \sqrt{10} \iff 10^{1-A} \ge 10^2 * 10^{0.5} \iff 10^{1-A} \ge 10^{2.5} \iff 1-A \ge 2.5$ $1-2.5 \ge A \iff A \le -1.5$

Question 9

Let x be the multiplication factor corresponding to the second year. Then 1.20 * x = 1.14, so x = 1.14/1.20, so x = 0.95, which corresponds to a value decrease of 5%.

Question 10

6*x*y + 3x = y

This final question is a bit harder, as the approach is not straightforward. However, the usual approach is to separate x or y. As separating x does not lead to a direct solution, we separate y:

 $6^*x^*y - y = -3x \leftrightarrow (6x-1)^*y = -3x \leftrightarrow y = (-3x)/(6x-1)$. Arriving here, we easily see that solutions c and d are incorrect. As solution b contains 1/y, we invert: y = $(-3x)/(6x-1) \leftrightarrow 1/y = (6x-1)/(-3x) \leftrightarrow 1/y = -2 + 1/(3x)$ $\leftrightarrow 1/(3x) - 1/y = 2$.